## Belknap's Fall.

Secretary W. W. BELKNAP has fallen from his high estate, and sits in sackcloth and ashes at his home in Washington. He is evidently, however, a man after the Spartan model-he felt no compunctions of conscience so long as | bondholders when there is due the schoolhis secret was kept. The disgrace consists, in | fund several hundred thousand dollars, which his opinion, not in having been guilty of corrupt practices but in having been found out. But yesterday, with all his guilt, he held his dria, to take charge of and photograph the head as high as that of any other man in original will of General George Washington, Washington, whilst his wife was a leader of the society in that lively capital. To-day he is the same man, no more and no less guilty, D. Ball to give bond in \$10,000 for its safe and yet he is represented as being almost overwhelmed by mortification. Plainly publicity is what has produced this wonderful change.

It would be strange if the President could protect this great criminal from punishment by the act of accepting his resignation. We know not what the Senate may decide to be the law of the case; but common sense and common justice demand his conviction. The Senate may possibly be unable now to remove him from office, but it can at least declare him incapable of holding office hereafter; so that his resignation leaves something for the Senate to do.

#### How to Reform the Party.

There are in Richmond many grumblers, whose only wish for the good of the Conser, vative party is done in forms of growls and groans. The same is doubtless the case elsewhere. In fact, wherever there are political parties, will be found those people who will not take the trouble to keep their party organization pure and incorrupt, but who never cease to censure other men for not performing that same duty. And these grumblers are, many of them, not unlike "The Grumbler" of Mrs. Ogilvis, who was one of the best of men. His bite was not half as out of its order and passed. dangerous as his bark. He growled, but he didn't nothing worse. The New York Tribune says of these chronic grumblers:

"The trouble with some people is that they consider it quite enough to sit in comfortable arm-chairs and think piously and patriotically, but are not willing to bestir themselves in the least to bring other men to their way of thinking. The world ought to go right without " work" they hold. If it does not, so much the worse for the wicked world. This is an exalted way of looking at things. It comports with a pleasing consciousness of superiority to the world at large. But, unhappily, this wicked world has never been reformed to any great extent by men of this temper. Its heroes, philanthropists, true statesman, and genuine reformers, save ever been men who were willing to mingle with other men, to make the most and the best of them, to use facts as they exist, and, in short, to work mightily for the faith that was in them."

That means that if you want to have a hand in controlling the Conservative party in Richmond, securing for it good nominees, and keeping it worthy of the support of good men, you must attend the ward meetings or vote at the primary elections. Do your duty, and thus set a good example for others.

The editor of the Farmville Mercury is as warmly attached to the "South Side" as we are to England, and he entertains as and British interests as we against Southside people and Southside interests. In the fewest words it was possible to use, we called attention to a charter which seemed to us to violate the Constitution. If it had passed unchallenged, the courts would have been called upon to decide the question of its constitutionality; and much trouble might have ensued. It is best for all parties that that question should be looked into before the bill becomes a law. Of course, the manufacturing companies in other parts of the State will expect to enjoy the same privileges which are by that charter accorded to the Farmville company; and Richmond as a large manufacturing centre is so far interested in the bill.

But the Mercury makes another point in favor of the constitutionality of the charter-that being the question at issue-as fol-"Having succeeded in excluding our citl-

zens from offices of State, the Dispatch now goes the length of seeking to deny us the power of self-development."

That's a better joke than the other. The Secretary of the Commonwealth, JAMES Mc-DONALD, is from Lynchburg; one of the judges of the Court of Appeals, Wood Bouldin, is from Charlotte; the Librarian, GEORGE W. BAGBY, is from Buckingham; WILLIAM F. TAYLOR, the Auditor, is from Cumberland (we think), and S. H. Bor-KIN, the Register of the Land Office, is from Isle of Wight. R. E. WITHERS, United States senator, is also from Campbell, and resided almost all his life in Southside Virginia. When he received the nomination for Governor (this writer being a member of the convention and voting for him) he was a Lynchburg editor, and he owes his present position entirely to that have an undue share of the State offices. So far as we'are concerned, we wouldn't care if she had all of them.

TAXATION OF RAILWAYS .- The Maryland Court of Appeals has just made an interesting decision. It is in effect that by the acceptance of the charter of 1854 the railroad put itself under the Constitution of 1850, is the wisest course for the Virginia Legislawhich provided for the alteration or repeal ture. Therefore I propose to postpone the of the charter, and hence the assessment law whole matter until the next session. But of 1866 operating as a repeal of the privilege of the company was a valid modification of its charter. This brings \$8,000,000 of pro- friends will control this Government. It is perty under taxation in Maryland. The first not wise for us to be thrusting on them charter exempted the company's stock.

THE AMERICAN REPORTS.-Messrs. J. W. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH have laid upon our table the sixteenth volume of The American Reports, edited by ISAAC GRANT THOMPSON, and published by John D. Parsons, Jr., Albany, New York. This volume contains the most important cases from the State Reports in Connecticut, Illinois, North Carolina, South Carolina, Maine, New Hampshire and Nevada.

We have so frequently set forth the merits of this series that we deem it unnecessary to de more than announce that Messrs. RAN-DOLPH & ENGLISH have a new volume of it politic & English have a new volume of it in the solid ranks of southern States. I pre-ready for regular subscribers and for pur- fer that the view of a united South

The elections take place in New Hamp shire next Tuesday. Will Change

coast, Africa, has been destroyed by fire. pleasure of the Senate to dismiss this disman, promising that he should be heard Two thousand kegs of powder stored in one cussion by passing the resolution of if he desired after I concluded. The nul-

Orleans for Liverpool, was burned at sea on the 15th ultimo. The crew were saved and have arrived at Liverpool.

The Austrian Empress left Vienna Thursday night on a visit to London.

General Assembly of Virginia. FRIDAY, March 3, 1876. SENATE.

No prayer. PRESENTED AND REFERED. By Mr. GRIMBLEY: A bill for the protection of fish in the waters of Rapidan and

Lieutenant-Governor Thomas presiding.

Rappabannock rivers. By Mr. GREEVER : A resolution requesting the Auditor to inform the Senate why a dividend has been declared among the State's is set saide by the Constitution.

By Mr. Singlain: Preamble and joint resolution authorizing M. D. Ball, of Alexannow filed with the records of the county of Fairfax, &c.; said photograph to be exhibited at the Philadelphia Centennial; said M. keeping, &c.

By Mr. GRIMSLEY: A resolution to arrange the entrance to the gallery of the Senate as to separate it from the floor of the Senate, and, with a view to ventilation, to open the fire-places in the chambers and to cover them over with suitable wire-screens, and to introduce therein gas-burners, &c.

Agreed to. COMMITTEE REPORTS.

Mr. HERNDON, from the Committee for Courts of Justice, reported, with an amendment, House bill to amend an act approved March 26, 1875, entitled an act to fix the terms of the circuit courts; which was subsequently passed.

Mr. Newserry, from the Committee on General Laws, reported Senate bill to incorporate the Norfolk and Portsmouth Cotton Exchange.

On motion of Mr. CLARK, Senate bill to incorporate the Commercial Bank was taken up out of its order, and ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

PRINTED.

On motion of Mr. SMITH, the James River and Kanawha Canal bill, now before the Senate Committee on Roads, was ordered to be printed.

On motion of Mr. Cochran, House bill to

permit the Richmond City Guard to uniform themselves as they may decide was taken up Senate bill to prevent the catching or taking of oysters from Russe's rock, in Rappahannock river, was also passed. LAND-PURGHASERS AND SETTLERS.

Senate bill to amend and reënact the 1st, 2d, 3d, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th sections of the act for the encouragement of landpurchasers and actual settlers in Virginia, and to repeal an act approved March 29, 1873, entitled an act for the encouragement of immigration, approved March 2d, 1875, was taken up and read the second time. Mr. Elliott made an unsuccessful motion e amend the first amended section by

striking out the name of WYATT M. ELLIOTT. The bill was then ordered to be engrossed and read a third time. THE TEXAS PACIFIC.

Senate joint resolution instructing our

senators and requesting our representatives n Congress relative to the Pacific railroad, being the unfinished continuing order of resterday, was taken up. Mr. Daniel addressed the Senate briefly and corrected some of the statements made

in his remarks yesterday. Mr. Bland followed Mr. Daniel in favor of the substitute proposed by Mr. DANIEL. Mr. HERNDON spoke in behalf of Mr. CRITCHER'S resolutions.

Mr. Johnson presented a resolution postponing the whole subject and making it the pecial order of the day for the second Wednesday in December next.

Mr. Johnson said that he felt somewhat embarrassed at interposing in so able and so much of prejudice against British people interesting a debate as had been elicited by the resolutions of the senators from Westmoreland and Campbell, but a sense of responsibility to public duty required him to offer this resolution. The effect would be, if passed, to postpone indefinitely the resolutions now before the Senate, and enable them to go to work on the matters entrusted to them by their constituents, and which vitally

affected the interests of the State. The General Assembly has been in session ninety days and has not passed a tax bill nor a general appropriation bill. So far as the Senate is concerned neither measure has yet been brought to its attention. We have now pending before us the ques-

tion of a through connection of the canal to Clifton Forge, with which the prosperity and recuperation of the whole State is vitally concerned. We have the administration of criminal

expenses, involving the conduct of the penitentiary, which includes over \$225,000 of annual expenditure. We have the law concerning the inspection of tobacco-made the order of the day last Monday postponed until Tuesday; then made to give precedence to this railroad question, and made the order of the day for Thursday-a matter which the trade, the commerce, the manufactures, and the agricultural interests are all intimately connected with, and the settlement of which one way or the other is important to all these interests. This business is now postponed until this debate concludes.

Further than this, we have bankruptcy before us in the deficit of \$800,000, as reported by the Auditor of Public Accounts, which will stare us in the face on the 1st day of October next.

This is our position as regards questions of home and State concern. They press us. We have exhausted the legal limit of our session, and now, instead of addressing ourselves to questions of taxation, of finance, of economy in administration, we are consuming the public time in the discussion of questions that can as well wait as be considered now. It is not parliamentary to refer to the opinion of other public servants in other spheres of public duty; but it is a matter of public momination. In a word, Southside Virginia and general notoriety that there is no possiis thought by some of the other sections to bility of any Pacific Railroad bill being reported at this session of Congress. It is generally known that there is no possibility of any action by either house of Congress on

this matter at this session. Further than this, it is generally known as a matter of common consent that every Virginia member of Congress, senators and representatives (for it is unparliamentary to refer more particularly to their opinions), believe and assert that non-action at this time there are other reasons I feel at liberty to give.

I do hope, and I intend to work for its fruition, that after the 4th of March next our issues at this time. This very question now before us may embarrass our friends in the North during the coming campaign, and I am unwilling to complicate the issues they will discuss before the people. The very fact alluded to by the senator from Westmoreland that all the southern States except Virginia have pronounced in favor of his preference self-satisfies me that it is unwise have been left unsaid but for the statement to commit Virginia at this time, unless the

issue is forced on her. The great danger we face in this campaign is that all the South is united on a candidate and a policy, and only requires forty or forty-two votes to get possession of the Gov-ernment. Make this fact clear to the North, and you have a united North, and we, the weaker party, go to the wall. I therefore prefer that Virginia should not be included should not be presented to the North. I prefer that we should waive all

isposed of.

Mr. Chitches hoped the resolution of Mr. the men who made an attack upon me, fol.

BUSINESS CARDS, \$2 to \$5 per there.

Business Cards, \$2 to \$5 per there. disposed of.

pealed to the courtesy of the senator vithdraw the resolution.

Mr. SINGLAIR said he thought that the Congress of the United States ought to decide the matter. He would vote against both propositions. He thought the Legislature of Virginta had nothing to do with the subject. He would vote against any instructions to our representatives in Congress. He agreed ully with the senator from Richmond that t was a matter seriously connected with the next presidential campaign, and therefore with him he should vote to postpone the resolutions.

Mr. GREEVER demanded the pending quesion, which was ordered. Mr. QUESENBERRY raised the point that is

was not competent for the Senate to fix a day in the next session to consider these resolu-

The CHAIR said it was a mere matter of taste, and that the resolution was in order. In effect, as the senator from Richmond had said, the resolution proposes to indefinitely postpone the whole subject.

At the suggestion of the CHAIR the resolution was amended so as to fix the time at 1 P. M. on March 29th [the last day of the

Mr. DANIEL demanded the ayes and noes on the question of agreeing to the resolution, and being taken the resolution was rejected by the following vote:

ATES.—Messes. Beazley, Clark, Dawson. East-ham. Finney. Grimsley, Herndon, Hurt, Johnson, Newberry. Shedair. Slemp, Spitler, Tanner, Ward, Wood, and Wortham—17.
NOES.—Messes. Alian. Bland, Cochran, Critcher, Daniel, Dickenson, Duffield, Elliott, Eubank, Gayle, Greever, Hairston, Hinton, Lathrop, Lawson, Marshall. Nunn, Powell, Quesenberry, Smith, Stevens, and Terry—22. Greever, Hairs shall, Nunn, P and Terry—22. The question was then upon agreeing to the

ubstitute proposed by Mr. DANIEL. Mr. MARSHALL moved to adjourn. Mr. Green presented a resolution fixing Tuesday at 1 P. M. as the time to vote upon

Mr. HURT moved to amend so as to fix Monday at 3 o'clock as the time for voting, but was induced to withdraw it. Mr. Lawson suggested Tuesday at 3 P. M. which Mr. GREEN accepted. Lost.

Mr. CLARK moved that when the Senate adjourn to-day it adjourn to meet hereafter at 11 o'clock until otherwise ordered. Agreed to. Mr. Daniel moved to vote on the resolu-

tions on Tuesday at half-past 2 o'clock. Agreed to. On motion of Mr. LATHROP the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE OF DELEGATES.

House met at 11 A. M .- Speaker HANGER presiding. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Garlick. REPORTED FROM COMMITTEES.

Favorably .- Senate bill to amend the law n relation to contributing members of volinteer military companies; Senate bill to amend the charter granted in 1854 to a company to construct a railroad between Alexandria and Washington city; Senate bill to amend the law in regard to hauling seines in the waters of Accomac and Northampton counties, with a substitute. Adversely.-Senate bill to amend section

4 of chapter 78 of the Code, in relation to county superintendents. THE ASYLUMS. Senate bill appropriating \$40,000 each to

he Eastern and Western Lunatic Asylums came up as unfinished business. Mr. Powell's motion to strike out the ppropriation to the Eastern Asylum was

Mr. LAMEIN moved to reduce the approriation to the Eastern Asylum to \$20,000 Rejected. The question recurring upon the passage

if the bill, it was passed—ayes, 75; noes, 23.

By Mr. McCaull: Bill to authorize the voters of Pulaski to vote upon the question By Mr. WHITTAKER: Bill to repeal the

fence-law in Totaro and Red Oak districts, Brunswick county. By Mr. EDMUNDS: Bill to amend section 53 of chapter 78, of the Code of 1873, in regard to the construction of public school-houses. By Mr. SIMPSON: Bill for the relief of Mrs.

Ellen Dangerfield. By Mr. PURCELL: Petition of citizens of Prince William county for the repeal of the fence law.

By Mr. CLAY: Resolution as to the expediency of so amending the law in regard to school trustees as to require that they be elected by the people. By Mr. GILMAN: Bill to provide for the

ppointment of a State board of equalization. By Mr. BAGWELL: Bill to authorize the Board of Education to purchase 1,500 copies of a map of Virginia for the use of the public schools.

THE GENERAL TAX BILL being the special order, Mr. BERRY said he was prepared to vote an increase of taxation upon real and personal property if that were shown to be necessary.

Mr. Suggrey thought the pending bill would yield sufficient revenue to meet exhe deficit at \$74,000.

penses and the actual deficit. He estimated Mr. FLOOD called the pending question, which was upon agreeing to the amendment

of Mr. Armstrong, that the sixty cents on he \$100 might be discharged with fifty cents n currency. Rejected-ayes, 24; noes, 68. Mr. Page called the pending question, which was the amendment of Mr. GORDON to increase the rate of taxation upon real estate to sixty cents on the \$100. Rejected. AYES.—Messrs, Bagwell, Carter of Loudoun, Crump, Davis, Dooley, Gilman, Gordon, Kellam, Kerrick, Leech, Neely, Williams of Richmond city, and Hanger—13.

Noes.—81.

Mr. TALIAPERRO moved to amend by striking from the class of persons liable to capitation tax those who by reason of bodily infirmity are unable to pay the same.

To the list of taxable personal estate there was added the following (on motion of Mr. POPHAM): "The value of sleighs;" on motion of Mr. CARTER of Loudoun, " poundnets and seines intended or used for catching or taking of fish."

Mr. ARMSTRONG moved to strike from the list "all felled timber and bark felled for sale." Rejected. Adjourned at 3 P. M.

# Mr. Edgar Allan Reports for Himself. SENATE CHAMBER,

RICHMOND, VA., March 3, 1876. Editors Daily Dispatch: In your Petersburg correspondence published to-day the following paragraph ap-

pears: "If your reporter will interview Mr. Edgar Allan he will probably learn something interesting about that gentleman's visit to Dinwiddie county to-day. With others he spoke at Ford's depôt to-day in support of the election of Dr. E. Harvey Smith, the Republican nominee for the House of Delegates. There were a few whites and a good many negroes to hear him. It is reported that his speech was so offensive to the whites that for personal safety he was compelled to hurry aboard the mail train to this city, under the protection of his colored friends."

The "something interesting" which I now feel called upon to communicate would that my speech "was so offensive to the The incidents of my visit to Dinwhites." widdle were simply these : I reached Ford's depô: at about 12:15 on Thursday for the purpose of speaking in the interests of the Republican party in the contest to fill the vacancy caused by the expulsion of R. D. Ruffin from the House of Delegates. As I had to return by the 2:31 train I was introduced as the first speaker at ten minutes to 1 o'clock, and from the moment I commenced until the conclusion of my remarks there scarcely two minutes elapsed without some interruption or insulting remark from a perissues for the national canvass save son by the name of Coleman. For over an those of honest government, honest men to hour I permitted this conduct without administer it, and an honest and just legis- making any reference to it, save by a per-The town of Little Pope, on the Gold fore, Mr. President, I do hope it will be the to arouse his pride as a Virginia gentle building exploded, and about fifty natives fered by me, and proceed at once to the sance became so intolerable towards the close were blown to pieces.

The British steamship Bothnia, from New and not consume the public time by discussing again I and not consume the public time by discussing the sance became so intolerable towards the close consideration of our own pressing accession of my speech that I was compelled to desist sities, the tils our own people suffer under, and commencing again I and not consume the public time by discussions at a sance became so intolerable towards the close consideration of our own pressing accession.

Jonnson would be voted down. He ap- | lowed me abourd the train, and were only prevented from doing violence by Captain Lassiter, the conductor of the train, who rested the facts to Captain E. A. Goodwan on prevented from doing violence by Captain lated the facts to Captain E. A. Goodwyn on of his age. I will take place from Emanuel church arriving in Petersburg. I deny that I went to the train "under the protection of my colored friends," and refer to Captain Lassiter and Mr. McCaull for proof that not a single colored man, or white one either, was with me when I got on the train. I have only replied to your correspondent "Robin Adair" to remove the impression that I had said anything of a political nature calculated to inflame passion or prejudice on the part of any one—a species of campaigning I am not partial to. Regretting exceedingly that I should have to publish these facts, as they cannot but be prejudicial to immigration (our only hope), but feeling compelled in justice to the Republican party and myself to do so, I remain, respectfully, EDGAR ALLAN.

We are not at all.

[From the Wytheville Enterprise.] Amendments to the Constitution.

The following amendments to the Constitution of Virginia, proposed by the General Assembly of last year, and sanctioned by the present session, will be submitted to the next fall for ratification or rejection : 1st. The capitation tax due the preceding

year shall be paid before the day of election to entitle a man to vote for any officer elected by the people. 2d. That conviction of petit largeny shall

disfranchise a voter. 3d. That after Tuesday succeeding the irst Monday in November, 1879, the House f Delegates shall consist not of more than one hundred nor less than ninety members. 4th. That an apportionment of senators and members shall be made at the session beginning November, 1879, or sooner, and a reapportionment in 1891, and every tenth year

thereafter. 5th. That no person holding a salaried office under the State government shall be elected to either house of the General As-

sembly. 6th. That the General Assembly shall meet once in two years.

7th. That the members shall receive salary instead of per diem. 8th. That the Legislature shall have power to provide for the government of cities and

towns. 9th. And that two thirds of the General Assembly may remove disabilities incurred under the duelling clause.

The bill providing for the submission of these amendments to the people requires them to be submitted as a whole, and the question to be decided is, Shall these several propositions be adepted as an amendment o the Constitution, or shall they all be reected? An effort was made to amend the bill so as to submit the different propositions separately, allowing some to be ratified and others rejected. This was defeated, and the

hill passed in its present form. With the exception of the ninth or last one as enumerated above, we are disposed to regard all the proposed changes as improvements. But our opinion is only an individual opinion, and as such may be at variance with the opinions of a majority of the voters of the Commonwealth. It would be strange, indeed, if upon so many questions involving principles so diverse in their nature and af fecting the rights and interest of the body politic so differently in their workings there should not also be a great diversity of public sentiment. One class of voters, for instance, may favor the change from annual to biennial sessions as a provision in the fundamental law that would make our system of government more economical and consequently reduce the rate of taxation; and then, too, looking at it from the same standpoint, the proposition to reduce the number of members of the House of Delegates to one hundred would be regarded with favor by the same class; class come t consider the clause in regard to disfranchisement for petit larceny or the one in regard to the payment of capitation beore being allowed to exercise the right of suffrage, they might regard these as an infringement upon their rights, or, at least, as jeopardizing their interests. Others again may honestly differ as to the wisdom of providing for salaries instead of per diem as

others, even though they agree to this, may consider it bad policy to clothe the Legislature with the power to provide governments for cities and towns. For ourselves, while we do not regard the change proposed in regard to duelling of sufficient importance to outweigh the good which may reasonably be expected to follow the adoption of the other amendments, we would rather not be constrained to vote for it in order to secure the adoption of the others. Under the circumstances, therefore, we think the Legislature acted unwisely in re-

he mode of compensating legislators; and

quiring the people of the Commonwealth to take the whole batch or none. It is folly, in our judgment, to expect the stronger or more popular amendments to carry through the weaker ones, and perfectly rational to conclude that one weak or extremely unpopular clause may, and doubtless will, defeat the whole. And aside from the bad policy of the

present plan and the danger to be apprenended from it, it betrays a distrust of the people on the part of their representatives hat is, to say the least of it, not a reciprocal spirit on their part towards the "dear people."

We fully concur with those of our con emporaries who believe that this whole matter ought to be reconsidered by the Legisla ture, and the people allowed to vote separately upon the several changes in their organic law which have been recommended to them for adoption.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS .- The Legis lature has adopted the constitutiona amendments proposed by the last General Assembly. The first and perhaps the most important is the one providing for blennial sessions of the Legislature and reduction of the number of the representatives. The last feature of the amendment is excellent, providing the reduction of members goes far enough to save much unnecessary expense to the State. As to biennial sessions, we think the project is impracticable as has been introduced, simply to pull the wool over the eyes of the "dear people." Then we have the petty larceny suffrage clause, and others, which we have referred to on previous occasions. Some of the amendments we are in favor of and would like to support, but as the Legislature has presented them in a bulk, demanding that the people adopt all or repeal all, we are of the opinion that the whole lot will be defeated. The Legislature goes on the supposition that the people are net capable of forming their own judgment and arriving at their own conclusions on matters which interest themselves, and for this reason they attempt to force down their throats obnoxious measures by sugar-coating them with amendments which have some merit in them. And thus the farce goes on, and the people continue to pay the fiddlers. We will be most happy to drop the curtain on the last act of the present Legislature, and the people shall say Amen." - Brunswick Advocate.

[The Advocate doesn't "see through" the matter. The object of submitting all the amendments together is to defeat all of them, not to compel their ratification. If the biennial sessions and the reduction of the number of the members of the Legislature had been out of the way, the amendments would have been submitted separately. That's our guess, at least.]

CT. PATRICK'S DAY. - I take great pleas ure in submitting the names of the following gentlemen aids to the Grand Centre:

JAMES DRISCOLL, DENNIS BROPHY,

JOHN SMITH, TEDDY DOHERTY,

JACK CONNERS, TOM CARROLL,

TOM KANE, JOHN SULLIVAN,

SIMON COFFEE, JOHN TBARNEY,

COENELIUS MCNAMARA,

PADDY MCNAMARA, JOHN O'KERFE,

TOM MCDONOUGH, DOMINIC MCDONOUGH.

TOM MCUONOUGH, DOMINIC MCDONOUGH.
DENNIS O'KEEFE, PAT COSTELO,
JAMES KENNEDY, JOHN DWYER,
MIKE NEAGLE, DENNIS O'NEAL,
MORGAN BYENE, TERINS ROOREY,
DANIEL RYAN, TEDDY DWYER,
JOHN GAYIN, JOHN BURKE. mh 4-11\* TOM MCDONOUGH UMP PLASTER.

ing their remote, contingent possibilities. So conduct furnished excellent capital for the TER on the dock in lots to suit purchasers, for the thought that the matter ought now to be part of my speech "so distasteful to the mh 4-3t Twelfth street near Cary.

SUNDAY at 4 o'clock. Died, on Thurs, lay the 2d instant, at 5% o'clock P. M. AUTHER LIN WOOD, infant son of Robert L. and Estelle Glenn; 26 ed seventeen days.

Died, on Thursday the 2d instant, at 7 o'clock P. M., of heart-disease, o'OHN B. JOHNSON, in the forty-seventh year of his age. He leaves an afflicted wife and seven ch. 'dren to mourn their loss. loss.

His funeral will take place fro m the First African Baptist church SUNDAY A TEBNOON the the 5th instant at 3 o'clock. The fi-lends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited rotatend.

dence of his father, William P. Pomfrey. In New Kent county, PLEASANT P. POMFREY, aged twenty years, eleven months and one day.

He left a sorrowing family, to whom we tena'er our warmest sympathies in their bereavement; and may they remember in this their hour of affliction that "the Lord giveth and the Lord taketh away,"

and may they say, "Blessed be the name of the Died, at Midlothian, Va., March 3, BRANCH T. econd son of Edward M. and Lottle Archer; age

MISSION PUBLIC WORSHIP .-Bishop A. R. GREEN, of the Independent Metho dist Episcopal Church, will open his mission work voters of the State at the general election in this city, in Wesley chapel, on Seventeenth street, on SABBATH next, 5th instant. Pre aching at 11 A. M., and evening at 7% o'clock. Divine service will be held regularly hereafter. A mission Sabbath school will be established at an early period. The public are most respectfully invite d.

BROAD-STREET METHODIST CHURCH .- Bishop D. S. DOGGETT at 11 o'clock A. M., and services at 7:45 P. M.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH Services at 11 A. M. and 7% P. M. by the pastor Rev. A. C. BLEDSOE. After the morning sermo members will be received into the church, and the ordinance of baptism administered. AT THE GERMAN METHODIST

o'clock and in the EVENING at 7% by Rev. Mr SUNDAY-SCHOOL UNION of all denominations will meet at St. Mark's church on TUESDAY EVENING at 8 o'clock.

CHURCH (Leigh street between First and Fou-

shee) there will be services in the MORNING at 11

FIRST ENGLISH LUTHERAN CHURCH (Mayo street near Broad), Rev. W. C SCHAEFFER, pastor .- Sunday school at 9.30 A. M. preaching at 11 A. M. and 7.30 P. M. Seats free

SEVENTH-STREET CHRISTIAN CHURCH (corner of Seventh and Grace streets) .-Preaching by Rev. J. M. TRIBLE at 11 A. M. and FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH (corner

of Twelfth and Broad streets) .- Professor W. H. WHITSETT, D. D., of South Carolina, at 11 A. M. SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH (corner Main and Sixth streets) .- Rev. C. C. BITTING D. D., having returned to the city will preach or

GRACE-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH .- Preaching TO-MORROW by the pastor Rev. Dr. HATCHER, at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.

## MEETINGS.

SUNDAY at 11 A. M. and 7.45 P. M.

O. G. T .- A degree meeting of PHCE at their lodge-room, Harmony Hall, No. 609 Broad street. Members of sister lodges and transient brothers and sisters are respectfully invited to attend. By order W. C. T. W. E. LEFFEW, mh 4-lt\*

TEMBERS OF EXCELSIOR DIVI MEMBERS OF EXCELSIOR DIVI-are requested to attend a meeting at their hall (Odd-Fellow's Hall), on Franklin street, on SUNDAY to pay the last tribute of respect to their deceased Brother J. B. JOHNSON, who died suddenly on the 2d instant. All sister divisions and trausient breth-ren are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the W. P., WILLIAM T. WHITE. mh 4-11\* WILLIAM H. MANNING, R. S. THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEET

I ING of RIOH MOND TYPOGRAPHICAL
UNION will be held THIS (Saturday) EVENING
at 7% o'clock at their rooms at Odd-Feilows' Hall.
J. H. CAMPBELL,
Recording Secretary. NOTICE.—The semi-annual meeting of the RICHMOND GRANITE-CUTTERS' ASSOCIATION will be held at Thon's Hall, corner
Main and Seventeenth streets, MONDAY EVENING, March 6th, at 7% o'clock. By order of the
president.
J. W. FLAHARTY,

# GROCERIES, &c.

RUSSIAN BEER-great tonic-manufac-tured at St. Petersburgh, and highly recom-mended by physicians: iyspepsia;
DRIED PEACHES (direct from Georgia);
TURKISH PRUNES—new supply just received
tURKISH PRUNES—new supply just received
the [mh 1] CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

COFFEE.—PURE OLD JAVA of superior quality;
Choice LAGUAYRA;
Prime GREEN RIO.

DAYBYROPE A MODELS DAVENPORT & MORRIS. fe 21-1m

DRIME EARLY ROSE SEED POTA-TOES, direct from Maine, for sale by A. S. LEE. GEORGE I. HERRING. 1420 MAIN STREET.

I have in store and receiving a full supply of
FAMILY GROCERIES.
To which I invite the attention of all in want. 100
barrels EARLY ROSE POTATOES for sale very
low to close.
fe 17-3m DAVENPORT & MORRIS, 17th street,

offer for sale
SALT, BACON, FLOUR,
COFFEE, TEA, SUGAR,
SYRUP, FISH, POWDER,
FRENCH BRANDY, ENGLISH PORTER and ALE,
and all leading articles of the GROCERY
TRADE.

CITRON, RAISINS, ALMONDS, &c. 500 pounds SOFT-SHELL ALMONDS, 300 pounds PECAN NUTS, 200 pounds FILBERTS. 590 pounds PALMNUTS,

S00 COCOANUTS, 250 boxes and drums Figs, 5 boxes CITRON, LEMONS, and VIRGINIA HAMS, at W.G. DANDRIDGE & CO.'S. 827 Broad street

ENGLISH PICKLES, MUSTARD, and Scottan," direct from Messrs. Crosse & Blackwell, Lendon.

ENGLISH PICKLES, assorted, packed in quart ENGLISH DURHAM MUSTARD in pound and ENGLISH SAUCE, "LEA & PERRINS'S WOR-ENGLISH SAUCE, "LEA & PERRINS'S WOR-CESTERSHIRE" genuine sauce, in quart and pint bottles, for sale by DAVENPORT & MORRIS, Importers.

de 25-3m R. C. RETTER, R. C. RITTER,
formerly of Harwood & Ritter,
having taken the old stand of P. August, No. 22
east Broad street, has opened a select
FAMILY GROCERY,
where he will be pleased to see his friends and the
public generally. His stock will consist of
CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES,
TEAS, FINE LIQUORS,
BRANDIES, WINES,
CHOICE CHEWING AND SMOKING
TOBACCO and CIGARS,
HAY, CORN, OATS,
MILL-FEED, LIME, &c., &c.
Having purchased his stock of goods for cash, will

MILL-FEED, LIME, &c., &c.

Having purchased his stock of goods for cash, will
offer great inducements to buyers, such as the hard
times demand. Call and give him a trial.

Highest CASH market prices paid for country
produce of all kinds.

de 28-3m CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

Just received a full line of

of forty-four, afty-six, and seventy-seven plece

CHAMBER TOILET SETS and TIN SETS-

all of new and beautiful designs, which I am offer ing much below regular prices. A call is respectfully solicited from all in want of E. B. TAYLOR, bargains. 1011 Main street

TAMES W. GIBSON (successor to Kellogg & Gibson)

fe 19

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN CHINA, GLASS, QUEENSWARE, AND HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS,

STONEWARE at manufacturers' prices. ja 5 LEWIS, 1201 MAIN STREET, STE LEWIS, 1201 MAIN STREET, STE-LYTHOGRAPHIC INES, COLORS, GOLD, SIL-VER, and all colors of BRONZE for printers, lith-ographers, painters, carriage makers, 2c., also the celeprated STAR GOLD PAINT for hypothem, The only STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY in the South, ia 25-3m HANDBILLS, \$1 to \$3 per hundred, at the DISPATCH PRINTING HOUSE.

NO. 1207 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND VA.

SPECIAL NOTICES. NEW-STYLE DRESS PRINTS. New-style SHIRTING PRINTS. PACIFIC PERCALES. AMERICAN PERCALES,

MANCHESTER PERCALES. LANCASTER CAMBRICS, at COLGATE'S SOAPS and EXTRACTS, fe 29

MOTTO-FRAMES AND PICTURE FRAMES at

WHITH QUILTS AT \$1 WORTH

W. HITE QUILTS at \$1.50 worth \$2; WHIT'B QUILTS at \$2 worth \$8: WHITE QUILTS at \$3.50 worth \$5; WHITE QU.'LTs at \$5 worth \$8;

COLORED QUILTS at \$1.25. \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2, LEVY BROTHERS'. COLGATE'S SOAPS and EXTRACTS. fe 29

CARPETS! CARPETS! CAR-PETS!-Look at the beautiful BRUSSELS CAR PETS at \$1.20, and bargains in all other kinds of LEVY BROTHERS'. OIL-CLOTHS very cheap.

BLACK SILKS! BLACK SILKS Bellon's celebrated make;

Also, BELLON'S BLACK CASHMERE SILK, a very superior article, at \$2.50 per yard worth \$3.50-the best bargain yet offered in Black

COLORED SILKS, in great variety, at low prices BLACK-GROUND WHITE-STRIPE SILKS at 90c. per yard worth \$1.25;

The largest, cheapest, and best-assorted stock of LEVY BROTHERS'.

COLGATE'S SOAPS and TOILET-WATERS.

NOTE-PAPER, at LEVY BROTHERS'.

40, 50, and 60c. per box; Excellent NOTE-PAPER at \$1 per ream ;

Thirty-five different kinds at 15, 20, 25, 30, 35,

EXTRA HEAVY ENVELOPES at 50c. for a box INDIA-RUBBER-HEAD LEAD PENCILS at

REAL FRENCH NEEDLE-WORK and HAND-SEWED GARMENTS FOR LADIES. We call particular attention to the above articles. made in Paris, the prices of which are surprisingly

IN NOTTINGHAM LACES FOR CURTAINS in twenty styles, the cheapest ever offered in this city.

LEVY BROTHERS.

large and handsome assortment of LACE CUR-TAINS, LAMBREQUINS, and VESTIBULE LACES. Also, TIDIKS in great variety at much below regu-LEVY BROTHERS. lar prices. COLGATE'S SOAPS and TOILET- WATERS.

SHETLAND SHAWLS.-A full asortment of these desirable SHAWLS from \$1.25 LEVY BROTHERS'. COLGATE'S SOAPS and TOILET-WATERS.

NEW CAMBRIC EDGINGS AND NEW CROCHET and COTTON TRIMMINGS NEW GERMAN and LINEN LACES;

NEW .VALENCIENNES EDGES and INSERT

NEW GUIPURE and THREAD LACES: NEW STANDARD TRIMMINGS; NEW CACHEMERE LACES; A fresh supply of STRIPED HOSE; A fresh supply of NECK-RUFFS; A fresh supply of LACE TIES; fresh supply of NECK-RIBBONS;

A fresh supply of CACHEMERE LACE SCARFS; A fresh supply of COLLARS and CUFFS; The largest stock of DRESS GOODS in the city; The largest stock of DOMESTIC GOODS in the

The largest stock of CASSIMERES in the city; The largest stock of ALPACAS in the elty; The largest stock of MOURNING GOODS in the The largest stock or WHITE GOODS in the city: 500 pieces NEW DRESS CALICOES; 500 pieces NEW SHIRTING PRINTS ; 100 pieces NEW WRAPPER CALICOES; 200 pieces NEW SHIRTING CAMBRICS:

100 pieces CENTENNIAL BLUES; Great reduction in BLANKETS; Great reduction in COMFORTS; Great reduction in QUILTS; Great reduction in SHAWLS; CARPETS at cost; RUGS and HASSOCKS at cost; Bargains in LACE CURTAINS; Bargains in CORSETS. Great inducements offered in all the above goods

which have just been received from the latest New York auctions, which enables us to sell them at bout one half their value. Come at once, and secure the best bargains ever ffered in this city. Don't delay, or you will repent of being too late. SYCLE BROTHERS, 429 Broad street, between Fourth and Fifth.

FRESH COD-LIVER OIL.

OUR OWN IMPORTATION.

We have just received a supply of our MEDICI-PALLY PURE COD-LIVER OIL, which is made only of HEALTHY, FRESH LIVERS, and has the endorse-ment of physicians and patients that it is MORE ACCEPTABLE TO THE STOMACH and more readily CCEPTABLE TO THE STATE & BAKER, MEADE & BAKER,

919 Main street, Richmond, Va. PROFESSIONAL CARDS. DR. JONES,

THE GREAT SPECIALIST ON DISEASES OF THE THROAT, NOSE, EAR

will practice at the Arlington House, Danville, Va.

from the 6th to the 13th of March; at Ballard and

Exchange, Richmond, Va., from the 18th of March to the 3d of April. LEXANDER COKE (late of Princess A Anne county, Va.), ATTOENEY AT LAW, No. 1992 Main street, Bichmond, Va., will practice in the courts, State and Federal, of Richmond city, and the courts of Henrico and Chesterfield city, and the courts of Henrico and Chesterfield counties. Refers by permission to Judge J. M. Keeling, Princess anne county; Judge W. H. Burroughs, Colonel W. H. Taylor, and Hon. John Goode, of Norfolk city; and to Messrs. Gardner. Carlion & Baldwin, George & Boykin, and Sublett & Cary, of Richmond city. 28 19-1m\*

G. D. WISE. WISE & COSBY, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

practice in all the courts held in the city of Rickoud and adjoining countles. Office, Room No. 6, Shafer's building, Main street, Bichmond Va. REMOVALS.

REMOVAL SYNCE CHEST OF THE PROPERTY TO old JOHN LATOUCHE and syen MERCHANT TAILOR, 10 has removed to No. 4 Tenth street, opposite Sharer's building. Thankful for past favors, respectfully solicits a call from all who want a good substantial garmens at a moderate price. mh 1-3m

LOOK, AND READ THIS: TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS' WORTH

> DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, &c., AT COST FOR THIRTY DAYS ONLY in order to reduce stock and make room for

CO DETA STOP

SPECIAL NOTICES.

SPRING GOODS.

Customers giving me a call can get some of the reatest bargains of the season. Among the man bargains to be had are DARK and LIGHT SHADES of DRESS 600Ds

COLORED SILKS and SATINS, PLAIN and PLAID PLANNELS. BLACK ALPACAS, MERINOS,

CACHEMERES, CREPE CLOTHS, CREPE VEILS,

WHITE and COLORED TABLE-CLOTHS. WHITE and COLORED FLANNELS. SHEETINGS, COTTONS, QUILTS, &c.; BLANKETS, SHAWLS, SKIRTS, and WATER.

PROOF CLOTHS at prime cost; 100 dozen DARK TWO-BUTTON KIDS at 65e

75 dozen DARK TWO-BUTTON KIDS at 994

large line of LIGHT SHADES, for ladies and gentlemen, at extra low prices; DIES', MISSES' and GENTLEMEN'S UNDERSHIRTS at cost.
Customers will find it to their advantage to give WILLIAM THALHIMER'S,

fe 24-Tu,Th&S 601 Broad street. DRUGS, MEDICINES, &c. DR. D'ARMSTADT'S

ANTI-DYSPEPTIC DROPS. PURBLY VEGETABLE. This valuable medicine will prove to be a sovereign remedy for DYSPEPSIA from the incipient stages

to the chronic state. IT HAS NOT ITS EQUAL.

The proprietor in offering this medicine to the paslie does it with perfect confidence of its being WHAT IT IS REPRESENTED, which can be attested by a large number of the most respectable citizens of this State.

826 Main street, Richmond, Va KEROSENE OIL

by the car-load or single barrel-for sale by PURCELL, LADD & CO., Druggist,

to moisture—do not chafe, soil, or rub; ABBOMINAL SUPPORTERS-Improved patterns; ARCTIC LUNG-PROTECTORS, to cover the the GARRETT'S SELF-ACTING ELECTRIC DISKS, to the cure of nervousness, weak back, &c.; CARBOLIC MOUTH-WASH destroys the odor of the SAPONINE DENTIFRICE whitens and preserves the chamel of the teeth;

ENGLISH CHARCOAL-BISCUITS, for dysperior All new and valuable pharmaceutical products to Pharmacists, 919 Main street. CLOTHING.

offer our entire stock of

FOR CASH.

and will make them up to ORDER in the VERY BEST STYLE AT PRIME COST.

pertunity of getting it at FIRST COST.

I now offer my entire STOCK OF FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING to make room for my SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS. in general to my large stock of CLOTHING FOR MEN'S, YOUTHS', AND

CHILDREN'S WEAR,

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, AND VESTINGS, AND

FALL AND WINTER CLOTHING FOR MEN YOUTHS', AND BOYS' WEAR.

DANIC CONTRACTED!

Owing to the times and an EXCESS OF STOCK in may line I will from this time effer my earls WINTER STOCK as low as they can be bought
FUR CASH
at any similar house in the cay, mbradiat
MEN'S, YOUTHS', 20YS', and CHEDREN'S WALL
OVERCOATS or SUITS.

CODA-WATER APPARATUS, 101

New York POLK MILLER & CO.
Ninth and Main street PLOWER SEEDS,

ITS EFFICACY. Price, 75c. per bottle. To be had of all the principal druggists, and for wholesale by the proprietor,

A SINGLE TRIAL IS SUFFICIENT TO PROVE

PRIME QUALITY, In TIGHT PACKAGES,

AT MEADE & BAKER'S DRUGSTORE

SPECIAL NOTICE.

GUARANA POWDERS, for the cure of headache an

CLOTHING, SHIRTS, and FURNISHING 600D AT AND BELOW COST

We have some very desirable goods in our TAILORING DEPARTMENT,

Parties in want of CLOTHING have now as of

Call early.

E. B. SPENCE & SON. Merchant Tallor, 1300 Main street.

AT COST! AT COST! AT COST

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS Particular attention given to custom-work.

B. BECHER, 1403 Main street.

between Fourteenth and Fifteenth.

fe 25-eod3m second door below Fourteenth. AT COST! AT COST!

Intending next month to rebuild my place of business I am selling off AT COST to redge at large stock of CLOTHING and FURNISHING GOODS to make room for the workmen. Call of JULIUS KRAKER, Merchani Tallor, fe 12-codim No. 1517 Main street. Richmood.

CLOTHING REDUCED!

My stock in hand is larger than can be food any similar house, and having been bought a vantageously will be sold very low. Call early. Sign—LONG FLAG.
WILLIAM IRA SMITH, Ago, mh 2-codSt.

D'MANUSCURIUR OF SODA-WATES, GI WINES, MINERAL WATERS, MEAD, K. etc. Also, BUTTLING-MACHINES, and Silver; MARBLE DISPENSING TUS for the counter, on new principles catalogue, with reports of judy so WILLIAM GEE, corner Eim and Frank New York.

ROBERT ARMISTEAD,